

# Z-transform Quickstart for LTI systems (1)



$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n]$$

$$Y(z) = X(z)H(z)$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)}$$

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FACT: if  $x[n] \xleftrightarrow{Z} X(z)$ , then  $x[n-1] \xleftrightarrow{Z} z^{-1}X(z)$   
and  $x[n-n_0] \xleftrightarrow{Z} z^{-n_0}X(z) \quad \forall n_0 \in \mathbb{Z}$ .

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Pure Delay: let  $h[n] = \delta[n-1]$

Then  $x[n] \rightarrow \boxed{H} \rightarrow y[n] = x[n] * \delta[n-1] = x[n-1]$ .

This is usually drawn like this:



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Suppose a system  $H$  with I/O relation

$$y[n] - 2y[n-1] + y[n-2] = x[n] + 3x[n-1]$$

Take z-transform on both sides:

$$Y(z) - 2z^{-1}Y(z) + z^{-2}Y(z) = X(z) + 3z^{-1}X(z)$$

$$Y(z)[1 - 2z^{-1} + z^{-2}] = X(z)[1 + 3z^{-1}]$$

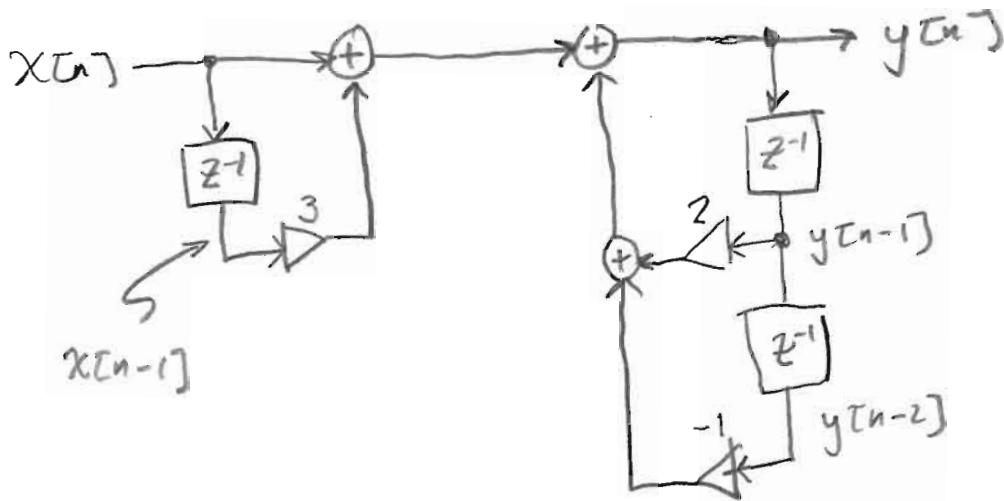
$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{1 + 3z^{-1}}{1 - 2z^{-1} + z^{-2}}, \text{ and } h[n] = \mathcal{Z}^{-1}\{H(z)\}.$$

Solve the difference equation for  $y[n]$ :

(2)

$$y[n] = x[n] + 3x[n-1] + 2y[n-1] - y[n-2]$$

block diagram:



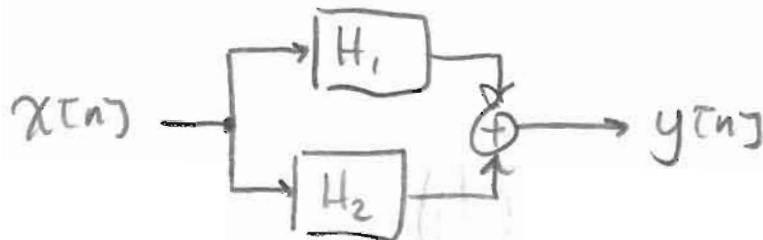
Series connection of two LTI systems:



$$h[n] = h_1[n] * h_2[n]$$

$$H(z) = H_1(z)H_2(z)$$

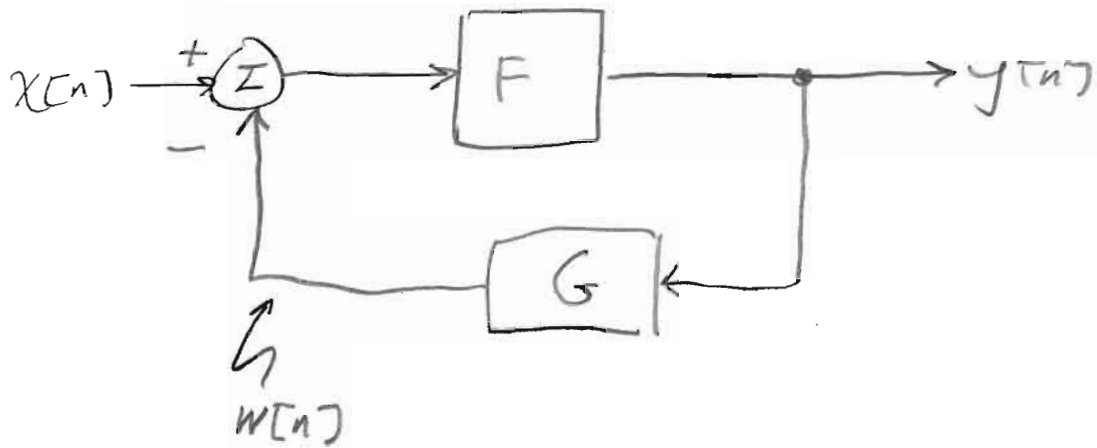
Parallel connection of two LTI systems:



$$h[n] = h_1[n] + h_2[n] ; H(z) = H_1(z) + H_2(z)$$

Feedback connection:

③



$$W(z) = G(z)Y(z) \quad (*)$$

$$Y(z) = F(z) [X(z) - W(z)]$$
$$= F(z)X(z) - F(z)W(z)$$

plug in (\*):  $Y(z) = F(z)X(z) - F(z)G(z)Y(z)$

$$Y(z) + F(z)G(z)Y(z) = F(z)X(z)$$

$$Y(z) [1 + F(z)G(z)] = X(z)F(z)$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{F(z)}{1 + F(z)G(z)}$$